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ATTORNEYS FOR: Plaintiffs

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SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

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MANFRED STANSFIELD, VALERIE STANSFIELD, FRANKLIN FREEDMAN, MARY MAREN, HANA ELTRINGHAM WHITFIELD, JERRY WHITFIELD, and FREEDOM FOR ALL IN RELIGION (F.A.I.R.), a California Non-Profit Organization, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated.

Plaintiffs,

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NORMAN STARKEY, Administrator of the Estate of L. RON HUBBARD; The Estate of L. RON HUBBARD; CHURCH OF SPIRITUAL TECHNOLOGY, a California Non-Profit Organization; CHURCH OF SCIENTOLOGY OF CALIFORNIA, a California Non-Profit Corporation; CHURCH OF SCIENTOLOGY ADVANCED ORGANIZATION OF LOS ANGELES, a California Non-Profit Corporation; CHURCH OF SCIENTOLOGY AMERICAN SAINT HILL ORGANIZATION, a California Non-Profit Corporation; CHURCH OF SCIEN-TOLOGY OF SAN FRANCISCO, a California Non-Profit Organization; CHURCH OF SCIENTOLOGY FLAG SERVICES ORGANIZATION, a Florida Non-Profit Corporation; MARY SUE HUBBARD; AUTHOR SERVICES, INC., a California for profit Corporation; RELIGIOUS TECHNOLOGY CENTER, a California Non-Profit Religious Corporation; DAVID MISCAVIGE; ANN BROEKER; PAT BROEKER; SHERMAN LENSKE; VICKI AZNARAN; HEBER JENTZSCH; KEN HODEN; OFFICE OF SPECIAL AFFAIRS; BRIDGE PUB-LICATIONS, INC.; PUBLICATIONS ORGANI-

CA001012

CASE NO.: CLASS ACTION

- 1. FRAUD
- 2. BREACH OF A
 FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP OR
 DUTY
- 3. INJUNCTIVE RE-LIEF AND CON-STRUCTIVE TRUST

ZATION, INC.; CHURCH OF SCIENTOLOGY CELEBRITY CENTER INTERNATIONAL, INC.; CHURCH OF SCIENTOLOGY OF LOS ANGELES, INC.; JOHN PETERSON; LYMAN SPURLOCK; TERRI GAMBOA; MARC YAGER; RAY MITHOFF; and DOES I THROUGH 100, INCLUSIVE;

Defendants.

Plaintiffs named in the caption of this Complaint are all residents of Los Angeles County, State of California.

Defendants are individuals and corporate entities either duly organized or existing under the laws of California with principal place of business in the City of Los Angeles, County of Los Angeles, California, or foreign corporations and individuals doing business in the City of Los Angeles, County of Los Angeles, California.

Plaintiffs do not know the true names and capacities of defendants sued herein as DOES I to 100, inclusive, and therefore sues them by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs will amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged, and that plaintiffs' damages as herein alleged were proximately caused by such occurrences. Further, plaintiffs are informed and believe that said defendants and each of them are agents and employees of each other and at all relevant times mentioned herein were acting within the course and scope of that employment with the consent, permission and

authority of each other.

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INTRODUCTION

Plaintiffs are suing individually on his or her own behalf and, collectively, on behalf of all persons similarly situated. The class which plaintiffs represent is composed of present or former members of the Church of Scientology. These members constitute a large class of individuals in like circumstances and like claims against the defendants. At this time, approximately 400 individuals have associated with the herein named plaintiffs for the purpose of bringing this class action. Plaintiffs estimate that there are several thousand other individuals who are similarly situated as they are and with similar claims against these same defendants. Together, they represent a substantial number of the membership of the Church of Scientology. The persons in the class are numerous, consisting of several thousand individuals, that the joinder of all such persons is impracticable and that the disposition of plaintiffs' claims in a single class action is a benefit to the parties and to the court.

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There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact involved in this cause affecting the parties to be represented in that:

a. fraudulent representations have been made by

defendants concerning their tax-exempt status and

charitable nature, concerning the manner by which

moneys were obtained and received by L. Ron Hubbard

and defendants named herein, concerning the confi-

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dentiality of defendants' auditing files, and concerning L. Ron Hubbard's background, achievements and character;

- b. There has been a breach of fiduciary duty to all the members of the class;
- c. Plaintiffs seek equitable relief and request that a constructive trust be imposed on all pertinent assets of defendants.

All of the above allegations are more specifically stated further in the following paragraphs of this complaint. Proof of a common or single pattern of facts will establish the right of each member of the class to recover on their claims. Plaintiffs' demands are typical of those of the class and plaintiffs are expected to be able to fairly and adequately represent the interests of the class.

Plaintiffs have brought this action for members of the class for the purpose of vindicating numerous smaller claims which would otherwise remain unsatisfied and unredressed, and reasonably to avoid multiplicity of suits, inconsistent individual judgments, and to effect judicial economy. There is no plain, speedy or adequate remedy other than by maintenance of this class action considering the relatively small amounts of damage incurred by each plaintiff herein where pursuing other remedies would be economically unfeasible. Consequently, there would be a failure of justice but for the maintenance of the present class action.

The class members have two types of claims:

- a. for money damages
- b. for declaratory and injunctive relief.

Although the named members of the class each have money damages in excess of \$10,000.00, all members of the class have an interest in a common fund held by the defendants. All members of the class have similar claims for declaratory and injunctive relief.

Within the general class there are two sub-classes with distinctly different claims for money damages:

- a. individual class members whose money damages are based on specific monetary amounts paid to the defendants;
- b. individual class members whose money damages are based upon specific monetary amounts for compensation due them from labor provided to the defendants.

All members of the class can be specifically ascertained and identified as former or present members of the Church of Scientology. Since the class is estimated to include several thousand members residing throughout the United States and several other countries, joinder of them all is impractical. The questions of fact and issues of law raised by the Complaint are common to all class members. The claims of the plaintiffs named herein are typical of the claims of the entire class.

Defendants, at all relevant times, are corporations and members and officials of corporations actively involved and directly participated in acitivities of the Church of Scientology and L. Ron Hubbard, Plaintiffs seek recovery of a common fund of money and other assets in order to satisfy their claims. The common fund and such other assets are now in the possession, custody and control of the defendants. Plaintiffs also seek possession, custody and control of certain files, "confessional or confidential" files belonging to members of the class. These "files" contain confidential information about the plaintiffs and other members of the class which, along with the various amounts of money, were obtained by defendants through deceit and fraudulent means.

PARTIES - PLAINTIFFS

Plaintiff, Mary Maren, was a member of the Church of Scientology from 1962 to 1983. She currently resides in Los Angeles, California. Said plaintiff paid in excess of \$10,000.00 to the Church of Scientology based on the fraudulent representations set forth in this complaint. She worked as an employee of the Church of Scientology for approximately ten (10) years by reason of the same fraudulent representations.

Plaintiff Franklin Freedman was a member of the Church of Scientology from 1965 to 1982. He currently resides in Los Angeles, California. Said plaintiff paid in excess of \$10,000.00 to the defendant Church of Scientology on the basis of the same

fraudulent representations set forth in this Complaint; and he worked as an employee of the Church of Scientology for approximately thirteen (13) years, based on the same fraudulent representations.

Plaintiff, Manfred Stansfield, was a member of the Church of Scientology its beginning to 1983. He currently resides in Los Angeles, California. Plaintiff, Manfred Stanfield paid in excess of \$10,000.00 to the Church of Scientology based on the fraudulent representations set forth in this Complaint; and he worked as an employee of the Church of Scientology for approximately one (1) year based on the same fraudulent representations.

Plaintiff, Valerie Stansfield, was a member of the Church of Scientology from 1961 to 1983. She currently resides in Los Angeles, California. Plaintiff, Valerie Stansfield paid in excess of \$10,000.00 to the Church of Scientology based on the fraudulent representations set forth in this Complaint; and she worked as an employee of the Church of Scientology for approximately ten (10) years, based on the same fruadulent representations.

Plaintiff, Jerry Whitfield was a member of the Church of Scientology from 1974 to 1984. He currently resides in Los Angeles, California. Plaintiff, Jerry Whitfield paid in excess of \$10,000.00 to the Church of Scientology based on the fraudulent representations set forth in this Complaint;

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and he worked as an employee of the Church of Scientology for approximately three and one-half (3½) years, based on the same fraudulent representations.

Plaintiff, Hana Eltringham Whitfield was a member of the Church of Scientology from 1965 to 1984. She currently resides in Los Angeles, California. Plaintiff, Hana Eltringham Whitfield paid in excess of \$5,000.00 to the Church of Scientology based on the fraudulent representations set forth in this Complaint; and she worked as an employee of the Church of Scientology for approximately sixteen (16) years, based on the same fraudulent representations.

Freedom for All in Religion (F.A.I.R.) is a California non-profit organization consisting of at least 400 former and current members of the Church of Scientology. F.A.I.R. is devoted to insuring that all of its members be permitted to follow their religious, spiritual or philosophical beliefs without interference from any government or private individuals. F.A.I.R. also seeks to assist those who have been victimized, financially, physically or psychologically by the Church of Scientology. Many F.A.I.R. members have been defrauded by the defendants described infra.

PARTIES-DEFENDANT

Defendant, Norman Starkey, is the Administrator of the Estate of L. Ron Hubbard, who died on January 24, 1986 at San Luis Obispo, California. Starkey was appointed

Administrator of Hubbard's estate on February 5, 1986 by the San Luis Obispo Probate Court. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that defendant Starkey, as Administrator of the Hubbard estates, is in wrongful possession, custody and control of millions of dollars together with other assets. Starkey has his offices at 6515 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 208, Los Angeles, California 90028.

Defendant, Authors Services, Inc., (ASI) is a California for-profit corporation, which was the alter-ego of L. Ron Hubbard. It has offices at 6515 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 208, Los Angeles, California 90028. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that since approximately January 1982, ASI has embezzled converted, and fraudulently transferred at least 30 to 100 million dollars of money and assets belonging to the plaintiff class and that it has engaged in this illegal conduct under the direction of L. Ron Hubbard, David Miscavige, Pat Broeker, Anne Broeker, Lyman Spurlock, Norman Starkey, Sherman Lenske, John Peterson, and other defendants.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Church of Spiritual Technology is a California non-profit corporation organized by the defendants Miscavige, Spurlock, Starkey, Pat Broeker, Anne Broeker, Lenske and Peterson for the purpose of transferring, alienating, embezzling, and converting assets belonging to the plaintiff class to the defendants.

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Religious Technology Center, Inc. is a California non-profit organization with offices at Los Angeles, California. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that it was organized by the same defendants named in paragraph 19 for the same purposes as stated therein.

Church of Scientology International (CSI) is a California non-profit organization with offices at Los Angeles, California. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that it was organized by the same defendants named in paragraph 19 for the same purposes as stated therein and it is currently the official Mother Church of Scientology.

Church of Scientology of California (CSC) is a California non-profit corporation and until 1982 was the Mother Church of the Church of Scientology. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that in 1982, in order to fraudulently avoid the claims of creditors and litigants, CSC transferred its assets to other Scientology corporation and entities for no consideration. The individual plaintiffs and members of the plaintiff class paid millions of dollars to the defendants and provided thousands of hours of labor based on fraudulent representations made by it.

The Church of Scientology Advanced Organization of Los Angeles (AOLA), the Church of Scientology American Saint Hill Organization (ASHO), the Church of Scientology of Los Angeles

and the Church of Scientology of San Francisco are all California non-profit corporations. At one point all of these organizations were part of CSC. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that subsequently, they were turned into individual corporations and transferred, without consideration, to avoid creditors' and litigants' claims. Both before and after its split from CSC, members of the plaintiff class gave it substantial money and provided substantial labor based on the fraudulent misrepresentations described herein.

Church of Scientology Flag Services Org (FSO) is a Florida non-profit corporation. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: FSO solicits through fraudulent representations heavily in California and conducts substantial business in California; at one point, FSO was a division of CSC, subsequently, it was spun off as an individual corporation and its assets transferred, without consideration, to avoid creditworthy litigants' claims. Both before and after its split with CSC, members of the plaintiff class gave it substantial money and provided substantial labor to it based on the fraudulent misrepresentations described herein.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: David Miscavige, defendant, currently controls and totally dominates all Church of Scientology monies, assets and property throughout the world; he has no "official"

position in the Church and claims authority to exercise such total control solely on the basis of his allegedly receiving secret "orders" from Hubbard; Prior to Hubbard's death these "orders" were obeyed by other Church officials and members solely on the belief that Hubbard was directing Miscavige in the control of Church assets; Miscavige is approximately 24 years old, and has been in the Church of Scientology since approximately the age of 9, never having graduated from the eighth grade; Miscavige assumed control of assets of the Church of Scientology as hereinafter set forth in June 1981; He is currently Chairman of the Board of ASI, through which

he controls assets of the Church of Scientology.

Anne and Pat Broeker, defendants, are husband and wife and hold no official position in the Church of Scientology. They were in hiding with L. Ron Hubbard until Hubbard's death on January 24, 1986. Pat Broeker communicated Hubbard's orders to Miscavige. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Broeker and Miscavige together control approximately \$150 million dollars without authority to do so.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges the following: Sherman Lenske, defendant, was the attorney for L. Ron Hubbard; He is now the attorney for David Miscavige, Norman Starkey and the named corporate defendants; He purports to represent the conflicting interests of the Church of Scientology, and L. Ron Hubbard and he has received millions of dollars of Church funds in connection with said

representation as authorized by Miscavige; Lenske has served as an attorney for either Hubbard or the Church of Scientology from approximately 1977 to the present and, as hereinafter set forth, he was engaged in many unlawful acts, and acts in violation of the Canons of Ethics.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: John Peterson, defendant, is an attorney representing David Miscavige and the Church of Scientology; Since at least 1980, Peterson as hereinafter set forth, has engaged in many unlawful acts in violation of the Canons of Ethics; He has illegally received millions of dollars of Church assets.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: Lyman Spurlock, defendant, is a subordinate of Miscavige, who is currently in charge of all Church of Scientology finances and assets throughout the world, Spurlock, together with Miscavige and Starkey, wrongfully control Church assets through ASI.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: Terri Gamboa, defendant, is a subordinate of Miscavige, an officer of ASI, who receives orders and directions from Miscavige and through ASI, exercises wrongful control and dominion over assets of the Church of Scientology.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon

alleges as follows: Mary Sue Hubbard is the wife of L. Ron Scientology funds; She has fraudulently taken information from "PC files" to be used for purposes of blackmail and extortion; Administrator to receive a portion of the estate of L. Ron Hubbard.

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FACTUAL BACKGROUND

She has converted millions of dollars of Church of

She has made an agreement with Norman Starkey as

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Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: The Church of Scientology was founded by L. Ron Hubbard in or about 1952; Between 1952 and January 1986, the Church of Scientology grew into many different corporations world wide, all of which were totally dominated and controlled by L. Ron Hubbard during said period; Hubbard exercised complete dominion over said Scientology corporations by requiring the officers and directors of each corporation to sign a written resignation in advance of their assuming the position, and Hubbard held said resignations, removing officers and directors of the various corporations at will throughout the period from early 1952 until January 1986; Hubbard has been held to be the "alter ego" of the Church of Scientology in the case of Church of Scientology v. Armstrong, Los Angeles Superior Court No. C420 153.

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Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: L. Ron Hubbard also exercised complete 111

dominion and control over all Scientology corporations through an organization called the "Guardian's Office", which organization was headed by Hubbard's wife, Mary Sue Hubbard, and which organization between 1966 and early 1981, constituted the management organization totally controlling all Church of Scientology funds and property; Between the later part of 1979 and mid-1980, the eleven highest officials of the Guardian's Office, including Mary Sue Hubbard, were convicted of a variety of crimes by the United States Government, which resulted in the incarceration of said individuals and a vacuum was created in the management and leadership of the Church.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: On or about March 1980, L. Ron Hubbard left the premises of the Church of Scientology in Hemet, California, and vanished; At the time Hubbard disappeared, there were pending Grand Juries in New York and elsewhere investigating criminal activities by L. Ron Hubbard, Mary Sue Hubbard and the Guardian's Office; L. Ron Hubbard had previously been convicted of criminal fraud in France; Also in early 1980, various individuals commenced lawsuits against L. Ron Hubbard and the Church of Scientology alleging a variety of torts committed against them.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: As a result of the conviction and incarceration of the eleven highest members of the Church of Scientology and the disappearance of L. Ron Hubbard into

hiding, between approximately early 1981 and until Hubbard's death on January 26, 1986, there has been continuous conflict and dispute over the management and control of monies and property of the Church of Scientology; Plaintiffs allege that the defendants are currently controlling bank accounts, property and exercising dominion and control over various assets without possessing the requisite corporate authority to do so, in violation of the charters of the various corporations, and in violation of state and federal law; Defendants acquired and have maintained control of said assets by fraudulent acts and by criminal acts as hereinafter set forth.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: In approximately March 1980, upon the disappearance of L. Ron Hubbard, the assets and property of the Church of Scientology were not under the control of any Scientology corporation or its officers or directors;
Although each Scientology corporation had a charter, a Board of Directors and officers, said charter, Board of Directors, and officers had no actual authority or control of any nature or description; In 1966, when Hubbard resigned his position as "Executive Director International" of all Churches of Scientology throughout the world, which was the highest executive management post, he simultaneously created the "Guardian's Office" and designated his wife, Mary Sue Hubbard, as "controller" of all Scientology organizations throughout the world and over the Guardian's Office; Between 1966 and

early 1981, L. Ron Hubbard, Mary Sue Hubbard, and the Guardian's Office exercised total control over all Church assets, bank accounts, property, and trademarks.

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Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: Beginning in 1980, and continuing to the present, after the indictment and conviction of Mary Sue Hubbard and other high-level Scientology officials, David Miscavige, Pat Broeker, Anne Broeker, Norman Starkey, Sherman Lenske, John Peterson and Lyman Spurlock gradually began to assume complete dominion and control over all Scientology assets and property throughout the world, although they received no corporate authority to do so; In early 1981, Hubbard, even though he held no official position in any Scientology corporation, allegedly authorized Miscavige to take control of Church assets; At the same time, Hubbard appointed William Franks as "Executive Director International" and ordered Franks to become a signatory on those bank accounts in Luxembourg containing approximately \$150 million dollars; Although Franks held the highest official management position in the Church of Scientology, he received his daily orders from Miscavige upon the representation that Hubbard was issuing daily dispatches contained orders which must be followed in the distribution of assets of the Church of Scientology; Franks himself was required to sign an undated letter of resignation as "Executive Director International".

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Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon

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alleges as follows: Between June 1981 and December 1981, conflict developed between Miscavige and Franks over control of Church bank accounts; In November 1981, Miscavige had Franks physically locked up in a room for several weeks while Miscavige assumed control of all corporate bank accounts, and other assets; Throughout this period, Miscavige was represented by attorneys Sherman Lenske and John Peterson, and Miscavige paid them millions of dollars in attorneys' fees in connection with their assistance in achieving this unauthorized and illegal takeover.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: In early 1982, Lenske, on behalf of Miscavige, Spurlock, Starkey, and several others, incorporated ASI which became the corporate entity controlling Church of Scientology bank accounts and assets; In fact, the officers and directors of ASI, which included Miscavige, Starkey, and Spurlock, possessed no authority from any Church of Scientology corporation to control its bank accounts and property.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: At the same time as the incorporation of ASI, Lenske on behalf of Miscavige, incorporated Religious Technology Center (RTC) and Church of Spiritual Technology (CST); Between January 1982 and June 1982, Lenske represented ASI, RTC, CST, L. Ron Hubbard, and various Scientology corporations in the fraudulent transfer of monies, property and assets from various Scientology corporations to L. Ron

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Hubbard; Lenske also prepared a will and an inter vivos trust on behalf of Hubbard, which was witnessed by Pat Broeker and Anne Broeker; RTC became the trustee of said Trust; assets of various Scientology corporations, which were taken over by ASI in 1982, included bank accounts, personal property, real property and current income of the various corporations; The Charters of these corporations were violated in the takeover by ASI; The Charters of each corporation provided that the corporate affairs were to be regulated and managed by the Boards of Directors and said corporations, when, in fact, the various Boards of Directors of each Scientology corporation were illegally controlled by ASI, Miscavige, Broeker and Hubbard.

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Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: On or about October 17, 1982, after establishing ASI, CST and RTC, and obtaining control over all corporate bank accounts throughout the world, Miscavige held a meeting of approximately 400 franchise holders operating Scientology corporations in San Francisco, California; said meeting, Miscavige informed the various franchise holders, of the fact that he and the RTC had taken over all Scientology organizations; Miscavige stated as follows:

> "All the Scientology/Dianetics trademarks were previously owned by L. Ron Hubbard. L, Ron Hubbard has donated the vast majority of those to a corporation which some of you have probably never heard of,

by the name of Religious Technology Center".

Miscavige further stated that every franchise holder would be required to sign a new agreement with RTC and that if they did not do so, they would be "fined or thrown into jail". Individuals who objected to the RTC and ASI take-over of the assets were literally locked into rooms and interrogated with a crude lie detector and either forced to sign the new agreements or removed from their positions.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: Between March 1982 and November 1982, Hubbard, Broeker, Miscavige, Spurlock, and others through ASI, illegally transferred over 30 million dollars of funds belonging to the Church of Scientology to bank accounts of ASI and Hubbard in Liechtenstein and Luxembourg; These funds were transferred based on overtly false or exaggerated billings by ASI to the Church of Scientology; The defendants named in this Complaint are currently under investigation for conspiring to defraud the United States Government in connection with the allegations in this paragraph.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: Between November 1982 and the present, the Church of Scientology has paid millions of dollars in attorneys' fees to Sherman Lenske and John Peterson without the requisite authority of the officers and directors of the Church of Scientology corporations; These attorneys' fees

have been used as a money-laundering scheme to pay private investigators and other costs in connection with a scheme to harass and destroy all opposition to the defendants as set forth below; These acts are also currently the target of a Department of Justice Grand Jury investigation.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: Between January 1982 and the present, Miscavige and ASI have illegally expended the following sums for unlawful purposes:

- of \$250,000.00 to "set up" and frame United States District Judge Ben Krentzman in a scheme to compromise him with drugs and prostitutes.
- b. In April-June 1982, Miscavige and ASI ordered the payment of thousands of dollars to Attorney Dan Warren in Daytona, Florida to "pay off" State Circuit Judge James Durden who was then sitting as Justice on a Scientology case.
- and ASI ordered the payment of in excess of one million dollars to "set up" and frame Attorney Michael Flynn of Boston,

 Massachusetts, in an alleged attempt to forge a two-million dollar check of L.

 Ron Hubbard. To date, millions of dollars

have been paid to John Peterson and
Eugene Ingram, a private investigator,
to perpetrate the above described
illegal scheme.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: Between 1972 and 1982, defendants conspired together to defraud the Church of Scientology of in excess of 100 million dollars; This conspiracy was accomplished by the following overt acts:

- a. L. Ron Hubbard and Mary Sue Hubbard created
 a Liberian Corporation called Religious
 Research Foundation (RRF) with numbered bank
 accounts in Liechtenstein. These bank
 accounts and RRF were dominated and controlled
 by L. Ron Hubbard;
- b. Between 1972 and 1982 in excess of 100 million dollars belonging to the Church of Scientology was illegally and secretly diverted into the RRF bank accounts by L. Ron Hubbard for his personal use and under his control;
- c. RRF provided no goods or services and had no legitimate corporate existence other than being a depository of funds illegally obtained and fraudulently controlled by Hubbard;
- d. Between 1980 and 1984 false and fraudulent back-dated invoices were created to transfer RRF funds directly into L, Ron Hubbard's

bank accounts. Plaintiffs do not know the amount of money diverted totally to Hubbard's bank accounts but believe it to be in excess of 30 million dollars;

e. The aforesaid funds illegally diverted are now in the estate of L. Ron Hubbard in the possession, custody and control of Norman Starkey.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

COUNT I

FRAUD (MISREPRESENTATION OF TAX EXEMPT STATUS AND CHARITABLE NATURE)

Throughout the period that the individual plaintiffs and plaintiff class members were members of the Church of Scientology, defendants and their agents and employees continuously made and provided the plaintiffs with written representations that the Church of Scientology was a taxexempt, non-profit charitable organization.

This representation was false because:

- a. The defendants had made a business out of selling religion;
- b. A substantial part of the income inured to the benefit of L. Ron Hubbard and his family. For example, from at least 1980 until January 1986, the individual defendants conspired to divert ten of millions of dollars from the Church of

Scientology to L. Ron Hubbard. (These transactions are the subject of a grand jury investigation in Los Angeles).

- c. The defendant violated public policy by conspiring to defraud the United States government and by using their tax-exempt income to finance overtly criminal acts described above.
- d. In 1967, for failing to comply with the rules and regulations of the Internal Revenue Service tax-exempt corporations, the IRS removed the Church of Scientology of California, the mother Church, from the roster of tax-exempt organizations. The decision to strip the Church of Scientology of California of its tax-exemption was upheld by the U.S. Tax Court in 1984.

Defendants, their agents and employees, made the representations described above with the intent that the plaintiffs act and rely upon the representations made. The defendants knew or should have known the representations were false.

Plaintiffs relied upon the representations described above and said representations were material influences in inducing plaintiffs to pay money to the defendants and provide numerous hours of labor for the defendants for little

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or no compensation. If plaintiffs had known that the Church of Scientology was not a tax-exempt organization, that the money they gave to Scientology was being directed to L. Ron Hubbard, or that the defendants were involved in overt criminal acts, they would not have paid said money or provided said labor.

COUNT II

FRAUD (RECEIPT OF MONEY BY HUBBARD)

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Throughout the period that the individual plaintiffs and plaintiff class members were members of the Church of Scientology, defendants, their agents and employees continuously made written representations that L. Ron Hubbard did not receive any of the money plaintiffs paid to the Church of Scientology, that L. Ron Hubbard was never paid for his Scientology research, that L. Ron Hubbard forgave a $13\frac{1}{2}$ million dollar debt the Churches of Scientology owed him, that L. Ron Hubbard never received any royalties from the Church of Scientology, that he donated his royalties for a best-seller to the Church of Scientology and never received any royalties from it, and that he drew less pay from the Church of Scientology that an org staff member (about \$30.00 a week). These representations were included in publications entitled "What Your Fees Buy" and other publications and were made available to all members of the plaintiff class.

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Contrary to the written representations described above, L.Ron Hubbard received millions of dollars which had been

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improperly diverted from the Church of Scientology, never forgave any debts allegedly owed to him by the Churches of Scientology, billed and received from the Church of Scientology millions of dollars for alleged research, received millions of dollars of the Church of Scientology for royalties on his book and trademark, and at times made as much as a million dollars a week from the Churches of Scientology. L. Ron Hubbard received tens of millions of dollars of Church of Scientology funds, including the diversion of funds to and from Religious Research Foundation, and the payments of millions of dollars from Church of Scientology bank accounts to L. Ron Hubbard bank accounts.

COUNT III

FRAUD (MISREPRESENTATION OF CONFIDENTIALITY OF AUDITING FILES)

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Between 1952 and the present, defendants, their agents and employees made written representations to each member of the plaintiff class and each individual plaintiff that all information conveyed by a member of Scientology to the Church of Scientology during a Scientology process known as auditing was to be strictly confidential and was never to be revealed to anyone except the member's auditor or case supervisor. Under no circumstances, all plaintiffs were informed in writing would information disclosed in auditing ever be used against the person providing the information. The information obtained was taken down in files or folders (hereinafter referred to as auditing or "PC" files) called "preclear", "PC", "processing", "auditing", "confessional", or "ethics" files.

From at least 1969 until the present, defendants have had a secret written policy to extract the confidential information from "PC" files and use it for purposes of blackmail and extortion, in violation of the above representations.

This policy was written by defendant Mary Sue Hubbard and has been extensively implemented by defendants.

COUNT IV

FRAUD (MISREPRESENTATIONS OF HUBBARD'S BACKGROUND, ACHIEVEMENTS AND CHARACTER)

Throughout the period that the individual and class plaintiffs herein were members of the Church of Scientology numerous written representations about L. Ron Hubbard were made to the plaintiffs. These written representations were included in numerous books and publications written by or concerning L. Ron Hubbard which defendants required plaintiffs to read: These representations included:

- a. L. Ron Hubbard was a nuclear physicist who had conducted over thirty years of scientific research into the nature and causes of disease, the nature of the mind, and the nature of human organizations.
- b. Hubbard had served for four years in combat in the United States Navy during World War II, that he was one of the most highly decorated officers during the war, that he

was severely wounded in combat, that he was twice pronounced medically dead and that he cured himself with Dianetics.

- c. Hubbard had travelled for years in the Far
 East and Asia, studying with great Eastern
 religious leaders and that he was able, in
 part, to formulate Scientology because of
 his knowledge of the East.
- d. L. Ron Hubbard's health was perfect as a result of personal applications of the principles of Dianetics and Scientology.
- e. L. Ron Hubbard was a person of unquestionable integrity, motivated solely by benevolent purposes, with no interest in exploiting Scientology to make money for himself.

The above representations are false. In fact, plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows:

- physics course that he took at George
 Washington University and was dismissed
 for poor academic performance after
 attending for one and one-half semesters;
- from a mail-order college which he created or owned in the early 1950's;
- C. Hubbard did not serve in combat during
 World War II and was relieved of duty on

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- at least three occasions while serving in the United States Navy;
- d. During the end of his military service, Hubbard was a psychiatric in-patient at Oak Knoll Military Hospital;
- e. Hubbard was never pronounced dead and never received any war wounds;
- f. Hubbard has, from at least 1945 to the January 1986, suffered from chronic duodenal ulcers, arthritis, bursitis, skeletal weakness, diabetes, pulmonary embolisms and a host of other diseases and ailments;
- g. Hubbard married his second wife, Sara Northrop, while still married to his first wife, Margaret Louise Grubb; Hubbard practiced ritual abortions on both his first and second wives and attempted to murder his second wife;
- h. Hubbard was arrested and convicted of petty theft in 1947;
- i. Those Dianetics and Scientology corporations formed by Hubbard were not formed for benevolent purposes but were conceived for the stated intention to solely make money through deceit and misrepresentation;
- j. Hubbard knew and stated that Dianetics and Scientology were formed as a religious front

to enable Hubbard to make huge sums of money.

The defendants knew or should have known the representations in COUNTS II, III, and IV were false, but permitted them to be made to the plaintiffs. Defendants, their agents and employees, made said representations with the intent that the plaintiffs act and rely upon the representations made.

Plaintiffs relied upon the representations described above and said representations were material influences in inducing plaintiffs to pay more money to the defendants and provide numerous hours of labor for the defendants for little or no compensation. Had plaintiffs known the truth, plaintiffs would have never given money or donated labor to the defendants. Further, the defendants acted with malice toward plaintiffs, with the intent to oppress plaintiffs and with conscious disregard for plaintiffs rights and hence plaintiffs are entitled to punitive damages.

In relying upon defendants' fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Franklin Freedman was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Mary Maren was damaged in the amount of moneys paid,

and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Manfred Stansfield was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants' fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Valerie Stansfield was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants' fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Hana Eltringham Whitfield was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants' fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Jerry Whitfield was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants' fraudulent representations, plaintiff class members and FAIR members gave defendants millions of dollars and provided thousands of hours of labor, and were damaged in an undetermined amount at this time.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY

Plaintiffs restate and reallege all of the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1-66 and incorporate them by reference herein.

When soliciting all of the individual plaintiffs and all members of the plaintiff class to join Scientology, defendants, their agents and employees invited and expected plaintiffs to place their trust in the defendants and to come to them with their most personal and intimate concerns. Plaintiffs did indeed place their confidence in the integrity of the defendants and defendants voluntarily accepted such confidence. By encouraging plaintiffs to repose their trust and confidence in their integrity, and by voluntarily accepting such trust and confidence, defendants assumed a fiduciary duty to the plaintiffs.

Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges as follows: Defendants breached their fiduciary duties to the plaintiffs by:

- a. permitting a non-officer of the Scientology Churches,
 L. Ron Hubbard, to control and dominate the Church of Scientology;
- b. failing to disclose to plaintiffs that a nonofficer of the Scientology Churches controlled and dominated the Church of Scientology;

- c. permitting money paid by the plaintiffs and income earned through the plaintiffs' labor to be used to finance overtly criminal operations such as those identified in paragraphs 32 through 46 of this Complaint.
- d. failing to disclose to plaintiffs that money plaintiffs paid and income earned through plaintiffs' labor was used to finance overtly criminal operations such as those described in paragraphs 32 through 46 of this Complaint.
- e. permitting defendants Anne Broeker, Pat
 Broeker, David Miscavige, Norman Starkey,
 Sherman Lenske, John Peterson and Lyman
 Spurlock to assume dominion and control,
 under L. Ron Hubbard's direction of the
 Churches of Scientology's assets and
 property without having corporate
 authority to do so;
- f. permitting the transfer of millions of dollars of Scientology assets to L. Ron Hubbard through defendant ASI without corporate authority;
- g. failing to disclose the transfer of millions of dollars of Scientology assets to L. Ron Hubbard through defendant ASI;
- h. permitting the misrepresentations

identified in paragraphs 47, 51, 53 and 56 of this Complaint to be made to the plaintiffs and the general public;

i. failing to disclose to plaintiffs the truth about the misrepresentations identified in paragraphs 47, 51, 53 and 56 of this Complaint.

Defendants had a fiduciary duty to disclose the facts alleged above and had they done so plaintiffs would not have given millions of dollars to the Churches of Scientology or provided the thousands of hours of labor to the Churches of Scientology. Due to defendants' breaches of fiduciary duty, plaintiffs' money and labor never was used for the purposes plaintiffs' intended. The defendants' actions toward plaintiff were done with malice, with the intent to oppress plaintiff and with conscious and reckless disregard for plaintiffs rights hence plaintiffs are entitled to punitive damages.

In relying upon defendants' fraudulent misrepresentations plaintiff Franklin Freedman was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Mary Maren was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

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In relying upon defendants fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Manfred Stansfield was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Valerie Stansfield was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Hana Eltringham Whitfield was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided. All of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff Jerry Whitfield was damaged in the amount of moneys paid, and for labor provided, all of which will be ascertained according to proof.

In relying upon defendants' fraudulent misrepresentations, plaintiff class members and FAIR members gave defendants millions of dollars and provided thousands of hours of labor, and were damaged in an undetermined amount at this time.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND CONSTRUCTIVE TRUST

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Plaintiffs restate and reallege all allegations contained in paragraphs 1- 77 and incorporate them herein by reference.

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Defendant Churches of Scientology possess auditing files for each of the individual plaintiffs and virtually all of the members of the plaintiff class. These files contain intimate, secret information of the most personal nature which was given to the defendants under the fraudulent promise that such information would be kept in the strictest confidence.

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As described above, defendants have a secret written policy that notwithstanding any representations of confidentiality, the defendants can and will use the information contained in auditing files for extortion and harassment purposes, particularly if an individual is considered or suspected of being an enemy of Scientology. filing suit against the Church of Scientology, pursuant to written Scientology policies, the plaintiffs are considered enemies of Scientology and subject to Scientology's auditing disclosure policy.

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Disclosure of plaintiff's auditing materials without their consent will constitute an invasion of plaintiff's right to privacy.

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Because money damages cannot adequately approximate the damages plaintiff will suffer due to disclosure of auditing files and because of the number of individuals involved, suits for money damages would not be judicially feasible, plaintiffs will be irreparably harmed if such disclosures occur. Plaintiffs require a court order to enjoin defendants from examining plaintiffs' auditing files and removing said files from defendants' custody in order to protect plaintiffs' constitutional rights to privacy.

As set forth in above, defendants obtained the information contained in the auditing file through fraud and deceit. Had plaintiffs known the information disclosed in auditing would not remain strictly confidential, such information would have never been given to the defendants. Defendants, moreover, have improperly used the material entrusted to them, by using it against members who they perceive to be threats.

Defendants have no legitimate need for the plaintiffs' auditing files because plaintiffs are no longer members of the Church of Scientology.

In order to correct the fraud perpetrated by the defendants in obtaining the confidential information they would not have otherwise obtained, and to prevent further wrongful exploitation of the confidential information to the

detriment of these plaintiffs. Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief requiring the defendants to hold the information contained in the plaintiffs' auditing files in constructive trust for the plaintiffs, and order the defendant to return the auditing files and all other confidential information held by them to the plaintiffs. Plaintiff further seeks an order restraining defendants, their agents and employees from reproducing or disseminating the information contained in the files.

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs pray and each of them pray for judgment as follows:

- That plaintiff Franklin Freedman be awarded damages according to proof for money given and labor provided to the defendant.
- 2. That plaintiff Mary Maren be awarded damages according to proof for money given and labor provided to the defendant.
- 3. That plaintiff Manfred Stansfield be awarded damages according to proof for money given and labor provided to the defendant.
- 4. That plaintiff Valerie Stansfield be awarded damages according to proof for money given and labor provided to the defendant.
- 5. That plaintiff Hana Eltringham Whitfield be awarded damages according to proof for money given and labor provided to the defendant.
- 6. That plaintiff Jerry Whitfield be awarded damages according to proof for money given and labor provided to the

defendant.

7. That a judicial determination be made of all damages suffered by plaintiff class for moneys paid to the defendants and labor provided to the defendants, and that a fund be established for payment of said damages together with interest and costs.

- 8. That after a hearing enter a preliminary injunction enjoining defendants from disclosing to anyone within or without Scientology any of the contents of plaintiff's auditing files or other confidential information and order that all such files and information wherever such may be, be removed from defendants' custody, and control and returned to plaintiffs. Further, that the defendants and their agents and employees be restrained from reproducing or disseminating in any way the information contained in the files.
- 9. After a trial, enter a permanent injunction enjoining defendants from disclosing to anyone within or without Scientology any of the contents of plaintiff's auditing files or other confidential information and order that all such files and information, wherever such may be located, shall be removed from defendants' custody and control and returned to plaintiffs. Further, that the defendants and their agents and employees be restrained from reproducing and disseminating in any way the information contained in the files.
- 10. After a trial, make a judicial determination that plaintiffs auditing files and all other confidential information concerning plaintiffs which is within the custody

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and control of defendants be held in constructive trust for plaintiffs and all such materials be returned to the plaintiffs.

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- a. Award punitive damages to the plaintiffs in the amount of \$1,000,000,000.00 (One Billion Dollars);
- b. Attorney fees;
- c. Costs of suit;
- d. Such other and further relief as this Court deems just.

DATED: 12/29/86

LAWRENCE LEVY
Attorney for Plaintiff

LYLE FRANCIS MIDDLETON
Attorney for Plaintiffs